

**Mouse PDGF-AB ELISA Kit**  
**(mPDGF-AB-ELISA)***Cat. No. EK0486**96 Tests in 8 x 12 divisible strips***Background**

The platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) is a mitogen derived from human platelets consisting of two related polypeptides termed A and B chains. The genes for PDGF A chain, B chain/c-sis, and the PDGF receptor are expressed in human malignant glioma cell lines. Normal human endothelial cells in culture express the B chain of PDGF, and that endothelial-derived PDGF B chain is synthesized as a predicted precursor polypeptide of Mr 27,281. The entire B chain of PDGF is highly (96%) homologous to a portion of p28sis, the transforming protein of simian sarcoma virus (SSV). It has been suggested that p28sis exerts its transforming potential by mimicking the growth promoting activity of PDGF and stimulating the cell in an autocrine manner. PDGF A-chain precursor polypeptide is assigned to the proximal long arm of chromosome 7, band q11.23. The human homolog (PDGF B-chain/c-sis) of the transforming gene of SSV is assigned to chromosome 22.

ScienCell's mouse PDGF-AB ELISA Kit is based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay technology. Mouse PDGF-AB-specific polyclonal antibodies are pre-coated onto 8 x 12 divisible strips. The mouse specific detection polyclonal antibodies are biotinylated. The test samples and biotinylated detection antibodies are subsequently added to the wells and then washed with PBS or TBS buffer. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex is added and unbound conjugates are washed away with PBS or TBS buffer. HRP substrate TMB is used to visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB is catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The intensity of yellow is proportional to the amount of mouse PDGF-AB captured in strips.

<b>Size</b>	96 Tests in 8 x 12 divisible strips
<b>Assay type</b>	Sandwich ELISA
<b>Range</b>	31.2 pg/ml-2000 pg/ml
<b>Sensitivity</b>	< 3 pg/ml
<b>Specificity</b>	No detectable cross-reactivity with any other cytokine.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C for frequent use, at -20°C for infrequent use. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Shipped on gel ice.

<b>Expiration</b>	Four months at 4°C and eight months at -20°C.
<b>Application</b>	For quantitative detection of mouse PDGF-AB in serum, plasma, body fluids, tissue lysates or cell culture supernatants.
<b>Kit components</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Lyophilized recombinant mouse PDGF-AB standard: 10 ng/tube×2.</li> <li>2. 8 x 12 divisible strips pre-coated with anti- mouse PDGF-AB antibody.</li> <li>3. Sample diluent buffer: 30 ml</li> <li>4. Biotinylated anti- mouse PDGF-AB antibody: 130µl, dilution 1:100.</li> <li>5. Antibody diluent buffer: 12ml.</li> <li>6. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC): 130µl, dilution 1:100.</li> <li>7. ABC diluent buffer: 12ml.</li> <li>8. TMB color developing agent: 10ml.</li> <li>9. TMB stop solution: 10ml.</li> </ol>
<b>Materials Required But Not Provided</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Microplate reader.</li> <li>2. Automated plate washer.</li> <li>3. Adjustable pipettes and pipette tips. Multi-channel pipettes are recommended for large number of samples.</li> <li>4. Clean tubes and Eppendorf tubes.</li> <li>5. Washing buffer (neutral PBS or TBS). Preparation of 0.01M TBS: Add 1.2g Tris, 8.5g Nacl; 450µl of purified acetic acid or 700µl of concentrated hydrochloric acid to 1000ml H<sub>2</sub>O and adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1L. Preparation of 0.01 M PBS: Add 8.5g sodium chloride, 1.4g Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> and 0.2g NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> to 1000ml distilled water and adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1L.</li> </ol>
<b>Usage</b>	This product is for research use only. It is not approved for use in humans, animals, or <i>in vitro</i> diagnostic procedures.

## Reference

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2. Hermansson, M.; Nister, M.; Betsholtz, C.; Heldin, C.-H.; Westermark, B.; Funa, K. Endothelial cell hyperplasia in human glioblastoma: coexpression of mRNA for platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) B chain and PDGF receptor suggests autocrine growth stimulation. *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci.* 85: 7748-7752, 1988.
3. Collins, T.; Ginsburg, D.; Boss, J. M.; Orkin, S. H.; Pober, J. S. Cultured human endothelial cells express platelet-derived growth factor B chain: cDNA cloning and structural analysis. *Nature* 316: 748-750, 1985.
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5. Dalla-Favera, R.; Gallo, R. C.; Giallongo, A.; Croce, C. Chromosomal localization of the human homolog (c-sis) of the simian sarcoma virus onc gene. *Science* 218: 686-688, 1982.

## Protocol for Mouse PDGF-AB ELISA (96 well format)

### Notes before you begin

1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, a pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
2. The TMB Color developing agent should be colorless and transparent before using.
3. Before using the kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
4. A duplicate well assay is recommended for both standard and samples.
5. Do not let strips dry, as this will inactivate active components on strips.
6. Do not reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
7. Avoid using reagents from different batches.
8. In order to avoid marginal effect of plate incubation due to temperature difference (reaction may be stronger in the marginal wells), it is suggested that the diluted ABC and TMB solution be pre-warmed in 37°C for 30 minutes before use.

## **Preparation**

### **Sample Preparation and Storage**

Store samples to be assayed within 24 hours at 2-8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- **Cell culture supernatants, tissue lysate or body fluids:** Remove particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.
- **Serum:** Allow the serum to clot in a serum separator tube (about 4 hours) at room temperature. Centrifuge at approximately 1500 X g for 15 minutes. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.
- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using heparin, EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1500 x g within 30 minutes of collection. For eliminating platelet, suggesting that further centrifugation for 10 minutes at 2-8°C at 10000 x g. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C. Citrate is not recommended as the anticoagulant.

### **Sample Dilution Guideline**

The user needs to estimate the concentration of the target protein in the sample and select a proper dilution factor so that the diluted target protein concentration falls near the middle of the linear regime in the standard curve. Dilute the sample using the provided diluent buffer. The following is a guideline for sample dilution. Several trials may be necessary in practice. **The sample must be well mixed with the diluents buffer.**

- **High target protein concentration (20-200 ng/ml).** The working dilution is 1:100. i.e. Add 1 µl sample into 99 µl sample diluent buffer.
- **Medium target protein concentration (2-20 ng/ml).** The working dilution is 1:10. i.e. Add 10 µl sample into 90 µl sample diluent buffer.
- **Low target protein concentration (31.2-2000 pg/ml).** The working dilution is 1:2. i.e. Add 50 µl sample to 50 µl sample diluent buffer.
- **Very Low target protein concentration ( $\leq$  31.2 pg/ml).** No dilution necessary, or the working dilution is 1:2.

### **Reagent Preparation and Storage**

A. Reconstitution of the mouse PDGF-AB standard: PDGF-AB standard solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment. Two tubes of PDGF-AB standard (10 ng per tube) are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment.

- 10000 pg/ml of mouse PDGF-AB standard solution: Add 1 ml sample diluent buffer into one tube, keep the tube at room temperature for 10 minutes and mix thoroughly.
- 2000 pg/ml of mouse PDGF-AB standard solution: Add 0.2 ml of the above 10ng/ml PDGF-AB standard solution into 0.8 ml sample diluent buffer and mix thoroughly.

- 1000 pg/ml→31.2pg/ml of mouse PDGF-AB standard solutions: Label 6 Eppendorf tubes with 1000pg/ml, 500pg/ml, 250pg/ml, 125pg/ml, 62.5pg/ml, 31.2pg/ml, respectively. Aliquot 0.3 ml of the sample diluent buffer into each tube. Add 0.3 ml of the above 2000pg/ml PDGF-AB standard solution into 1st tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 ml from 1st tube to 2nd tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 ml from 2nd tube to 3rd tube and mix, and so on.

**Note:** The standard solutions are best used within 2 hours. The 10 ng/ml standard solution should be stored at 4°C for up to 12 hours, or at -20°C for up to 48 hours. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

B. Preparation of biotinylated anti-mouse PDGF-AB antibody working solution: The solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment.

- The total volume should be: 0.1ml/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume)
- Biotinylated anti-mouse PDGF-AB antibody should be diluted in 1:100 with the antibody diluent buffer and mixed thoroughly.

C. Preparation of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) working solution: The solution should be prepared no more than 1 hour prior to the experiment.

- The total volume should be: 0.1ml/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume)
- Avidin- Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) should be diluted in 1:100 with the ABC dilution buffer and mixed thoroughly.

### Assay Procedure

The ABC working solution and TMB color developing agent must be kept warm at 37°C for 30 minutes before use. When diluting samples and reagents, they must be mixed completely and evenly. Standard PDGF-AB detection curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide sample dilution fold by crude estimation of PDGF-AB amount in samples.

1. Aliquot 0.1ml per well of the 2000pg/ml, 1000pg/ml, 500pg/ml, 250pg/ml, 125pg/ml, 62.5pg/ml, 31.2pg/ml mouse PDGF-AB standard solutions into the pre-coated strips. Add 0.1ml of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (**blank well**). Add 0.1ml of each properly diluted sample of mouse serum, plasma, body fluids, tissue lysates or cell culture supernatants to each empty well. See “**Sample Dilution Guideline**” above for details. We recommend that each mouse PDGF-AB standard solution and each sample is measured in duplicate.
2. Seal the strips with the cover and incubate at 37°C for 90 minutes.
3. Remove the cover, discard strips’ contents, and blot the strips onto paper towels or other absorbent material. **Do NOT** let the wells completely dry at any time.
4. Add 0.1ml of biotinylated anti-mouse PDGF-AB antibody working solution into each well and incubate the strips at 37°C for 60 minutes.
5. Wash strips 3 times with 0.01M TBS or 0.01M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1 minute. Discard the washing buffer and blot the strips onto paper towels or other absorbent material. (**Strips Washing Method:** Discard the solution in the strips without touching the side walls. Blot the strips onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Soak each well with at least 0.3 ml PBS or TBS buffer for 1~2 minutes. Repeat this process two additional times for a total of **THREE** washes. Note: For automated washing, aspirate all wells and wash **THREE** times with PBS or TBS buffer, overfilling wells with PBS or TBS buffer. Blot the strips onto paper towels or other absorbent material).
6. Add 0.1ml of prepared ABC working solution into each well and incubate the strips at 37°C for 30 minutes.
7. Wash strips 5 times with 0.01M TBS or 0.01M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1-2 minutes. Discard the washing buffer and blot the strips onto paper towels or other absorbent material.(See Step 5 for strips washing method).

8. Add 90 µl of prepared TMB color developing agent into each well and incubate strips at 37°C in dark for 20-25 minutes (**Note:** For reference only, the optimal incubation time should be determined by end user. And the shades of blue can be seen in the wells with the four most concentrated mouse PDGF-AB standard solutions; the other wells show no obvious color).
9. Add 0.1ml of prepared TMB stop solution into each well. The color changes into yellow immediately.
10. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm in a microplate reader within 30 minutes after adding the stop solution.

For calculation, (the relative O.D.450) = (the O.D.450 of each well) – (the O.D.450 of blank well). The standard curve can be plotted as the relative O.D.450 of each standard solution (Y) vs. the respective concentration of the standard solution (X). The mouse PDGF-AB concentration of the samples can be interpolated from the standard curve.

**Note:** if the samples measured were diluted, multiply the dilution factor to the concentrations from interpolation to obtain the concentration before dilution.

### Summary

1. Add samples and standards and incubate the strips at 37°C for 90 minutes. Do not wash.
2. Add biotinylated antibodies and incubate the strips at 37°C for 60 minutes. Wash strips 3 times with 0.01M TBS.
3. Add ABC working solution and incubate the strips at 37°C for 30 minutes. Wash strips 5 times with 0.01M TBS.
4. Add TMB color developing agent and incubate the strips at 37°C in dark for 20-25 minutes.
5. Add TMB stop solution and read.

### **Typical Data Obtained from Mouse PDGF-AB**

(TMB reaction incubate at 37°C for 21 minutes)

Concentration (pg/ml)	0.0	31.2	62.5	125	250	500	1000	2000
Absorbance (450 nm)	0.007	0.102	0.179	0.287	0.667	1.043	1.557	2.278

### **Typical Mouse PDGF-AB ELISA Kit Standard Curve**

This standard curve was generated for demonstration purpose only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.

